

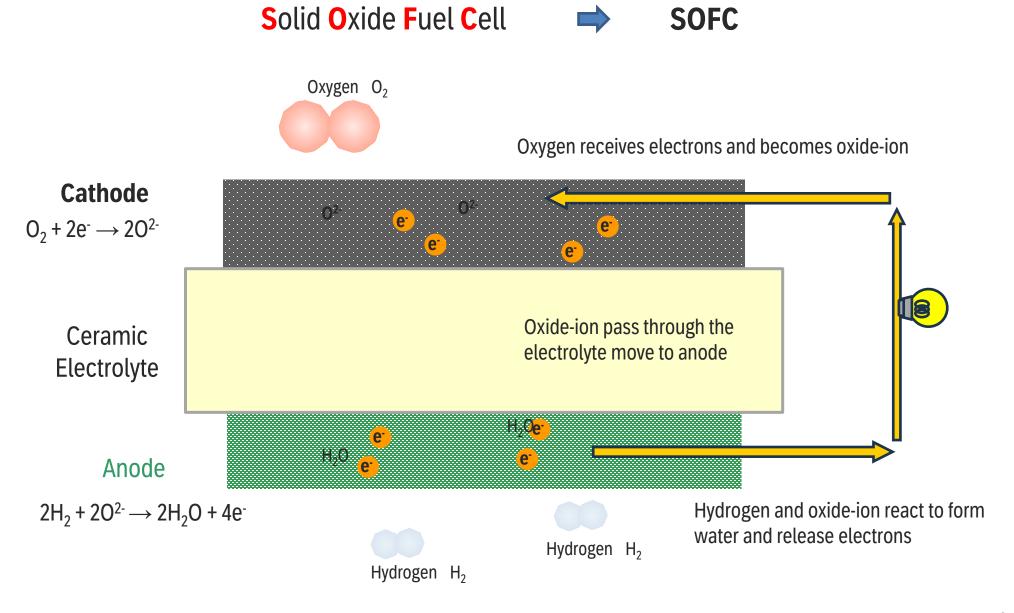
Metal Supported - Solid Oxide Fuel Cell (MS-SOFC)

TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD

R&D Center

Materials Research & Development Department

Mechanism of SOFC



Characteristics of MS-SOFC

Anode support Cell (2nd. generation)

Cathode

Electrolyte

Anode

Ceramic supporter

Metal support Cell (3rd. generation)

Cathode

Electrolyte

Anode

Matel supporter

- Fast start-up and thermal cycling
- The mechanical properties are significantly improved by supporting with metal (stainless)

Expected to lower the cost with simple stack design

Power generation of Φ30mm coin cell

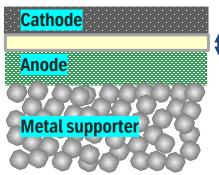
Power generation characteristics are higher than 0.7W/cm² at 600 to 750°C



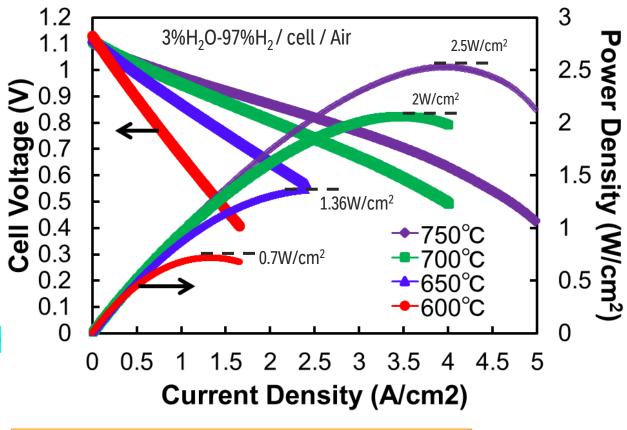
Ф30mm coin cell



Schematic of cell cross section



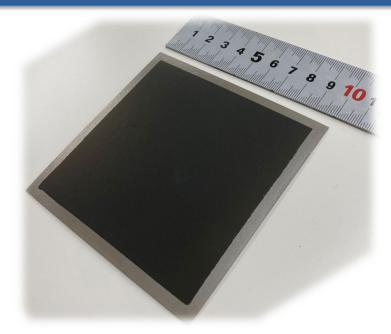
‡<mark>Electrolyte</mark> 4μm



Extremally thin electrolyte layer of 4 µm ⇒
Lower operation temperature & high performance

Customizable up to a maximum size of 100 mm

Less micro-cracks in electrolyte layer and loss due to gas leak is lower than 1.1%

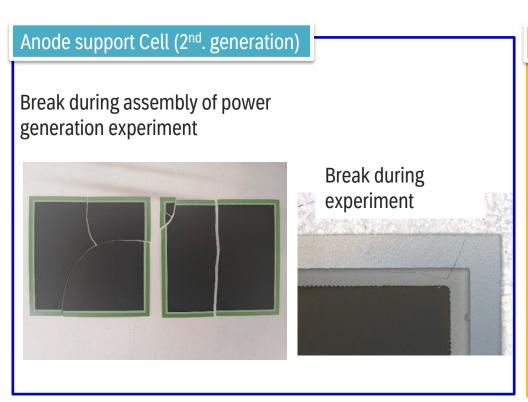


	600°C	650°C	700° C	750° C
Theoretical OCV(V)	1.163	1.156	1.149	1.142
Measured OCV(V)	1.154	1.146	1.139	1.130
Loss	0.7%	0.9%	0.9%	1.1%

OCV: Open Circuit Voltage

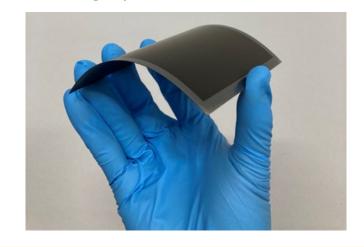
Excellent handling property of MS-SOFC

Expectations for low-cost stack design due to high toughness



Metal support Cell (3rd. generation)

Flexible
Will not break even when assembled roughly
Never broke during experiment



Application

Stationary Power source

Power supply for mobility



Hydrogen production



SOEC: Solid Oxide Electrolysis Cell

Recruiting co-development partners for various worldwide markets

Size customization for Research Sample

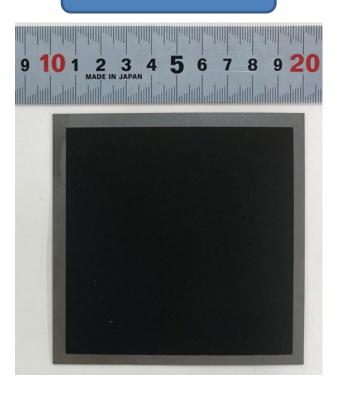
Ф20mm



Ф30mm



□100mm



Research Sample (RS): Size customization and other request

Looking for business partners

Thank you for your attention!